

**INCIDENT MANAGEMENT SITUATION REPORT
TUESDAY, JUNE 28, 2005 – 0530 MDT
NATIONAL PREPAREDNESS LEVEL 2**

CURRENT SITUATION:

Initial attack activity was moderate nationally with 186 fires reported. Four new large fires were reported, two each in the Eastern Great Basin and Alaska Areas. Three large fires were contained, one each in the Southwest, Eastern Great Basin and Southern California Areas. Very high to extreme fire indices were reported in Alaska, Arizona, California, Colorado, Minnesota, New Mexico, Nevada, Texas and Utah.

SOUTHWEST AREA INCIDENTS / LARGE FIRES:

CAVE CREEK COMPLEX, Tonto National Forest. A Type 1 Incident Management Team (Whitney) is assigned to Zone 1. A second Type 1 Incident Management Team (Oltrogge) will assume command of Zone 2 today. This complex, comprised of the Lousy, Broad and Cave Creek fires is six miles northeast of Carefree, AZ in chaparral, oak, and grass. A major power grid, riparian areas, endangered species habitat, and archeological resources remain threatened. Steep topography, extreme fire behavior, flashy fuels and poor access are contributing to control problems. Fire crossed into the Red Creek drainage and burned into the Upper Ranch area. Extreme fire behavior with high rates of spread was reported.

THREE FIRE COMPLEX, Tonto National Forest. A Type 2 Incident Management Team (Philbin) is assigned. This complex, comprised of the Three and Four fires, is eight miles northwest of Tonto Basin, AZ in chaparral and grass. Some interior smoldering was observed.

SNAKE RIDGE, Apache-Sitgreaves National Forest. This fire is 12 miles northeast of Clifton, AZ in grass. Upslope runs with rapid rates of spread and backing fire on grass slopes continue to hinder containment efforts. Increase in acreage is due to burn out operations to secure blackline.

MATUCK, Truxton Canon Agency, Bureau of Indian Affairs. This fire is 25 miles northeast of Peach Springs, AZ in pinyon, juniper, grass and yucca. Fire remains active with spotting and torching observed. No further information was received.

HINDU, Truxton Canon Agency, Bureau of Indian Affairs. This fire is 20 miles northwest of Peach Springs, AZ in pine, juniper, grass and brush. No further information was received.

PLAIN TANK, Truxton Canon Agency, Bureau of Indian Affairs. This fire is 25 miles northwest of Peach Springs, AZ in brush. No new information was reported. This will be the last report unless new information is received.

HUMBUG, Arizona State. This fire is eight miles south of Crown King, AZ in grass and brush. No new information was reported. This will be the last report unless new information is received.

NORTH GILA COMPLEX, Gila National Forest. A transfer of command from a Fire Use Management Team (Hall) back to the local unit occurred. This lightning-caused Wildland Fire Use (WFU) complex, comprised of the Fork and Johnson fires, is 13 miles southeast of Reserve, NM in timber and grass. The complex is being managed to accomplish multiple resource objectives. Cultural resources and range resources are threatened on the Johnson fire. Short range spotting was reported. This will be the last narrative report unless significant activity occurs.

INCIDENT NAME	ST	UNIT	SIZE	% CTN	EST CTN	TOTL PERS	CRW	ENG	HELI	STRC LOST	\$\$\$ CTD	ORIGIN OWN
CAVE CREEK COMPLEX	AZ	TNF	116,550	25	UNK	850	23	27	12	11	3.44M	N/A
THREE FIRE COMPLEX	AZ	TNF	19,370	40	6/30	387	7	25	6	1	1.26M	N/A
SNAKE RIDGE	AZ	ASF	1,800	NR	7/31	12	0	0	0	0	5K	ST
MATUCK	AZ	TCA	888	80	7/1	63	3	0	2	0	NR	BIA
HINDU	AZ	TCA	1,000	95	6/29	71	3	0	2	0	NR	BIA
PLAIN TANK	AZ	TCA	398	90	UNK	20	1	0	0	0	NR	BIA
HUMBUG	AZ	AZS	3,136	80	UNK	232	7	1	0	0	250K	ST
NORTH GILA COMPLEX - WFU	NM	GNF	13,431	N/A	N/A	103	4	1	0	0	450K	FS
BLACK RANGE COMPLEX - WFU	NM	GNF	20,500	N/A	N/A	35	2	3	0	0	374K	FS
PERKINS COMPLEX	AZ	PHD	21,600	100	---	89	0	3	2	0	1.60M	N/A

PHD= Phoenix Field Office, Bureau of Land Management

EASTERN GREAT BASIN AREA INCIDENTS / LARGE FIRES:

BLUE SPRING, Dixie National Forest. A Type 2 Incident Management Team (Muir) is assigned. This fire is three miles north of Leeds, UT in grass, pinyon pine and oak brush. Mandatory evacuation of a subdivision of Harmony Heights has been ordered. The community of New Harmony, wildlife habit and wilderness values are threatened. Structure protection is in place. Heavy fine fuel loading, steep terrain and traffic along the I-15 corridor are safety concerns. Increasing afternoon winds caused torching and crowning.

MT. BANGS COMPLEX, Arizona Strip Field Office, Bureau of Land Management. A Type 2 Incident Management Team (Blume) is assigned. This complex, comprised of the Lead, Elbow and Hatchet fires, is 15 miles south of Mesquite, NV in grass and brush. Lime Kiln Canyon Road remains closed. Desert Tortoise habitat and wilderness values remain threatened. High rates of spread and extreme fire behavior were reported.

WESTSIDE COMPLEX, Cedar City Field Office, Bureau of Land Management. A Type 2 Incident Management Team (Saleen) is assigned. This fire is 25 miles northwest of St. George, UT in grass, pinyon and juniper. The Shivwits Indian Reservation, commercial communications sites, power lines, gas lines and wildlife habitat remain threatened. Highway 91 remains closed. Isolated torching and smoldering were reported.

LAST CHANCE, Arizona Strip Field Office, Bureau of Land Management. This fire is 35 miles south of St. George, UT in grass and brush. High rates of spread were reported.

NORTH LYNN DYL, Richfield Field Office, Bureau of Land Management. This fire is four miles north of Lynndyl, UT in grass. Light flashy fuel loads, high winds and low relative humidity are impeding containment efforts. Torching and running were reported.

INCIDENT NAME	ST	UNIT	SIZE	% CTN	EST CTN	TOTL PERS	CRW	ENG	HELI	STRC LOST	\$\$\$ CTD	ORIGIN OWN
BLUE SPRING	UT	DIF	10,000	30	UNK	494	14	48	0	3	900K	FS
MT. BANGS COMPLEX	AZ	ASD	26,000	40	UNK	222	7	14	0	0	275K	BLM
WESTSIDE COMPLEX	UT	CCD	68,264	90	6/28	434	12	13	1	0	764K	BLM
LAST CHANCE	AZ	ASD	15,000	10	7/1	76	3	3	0	0	NR	BLM
NORTH LYNN DYL	UT	RID	565	25	6/28	31	0	9	0	0	NR	BLM
CANAL	UT	SCS	344	100	---	35	0	11	0	0	NR	ST

SCS = South Central State, Utah State Division of Forestry Fire & State Lands

WESTERN GREAT BASIN INCIDENTS / LARGE FIRES:

SOUTHERN NEVADA COMPLEX, Las Vegas Field Office, Bureau of Land Management. A Type 2 Incident Management Team (Suwyn) is assigned. This complex, comprised of the South Desert Complex and the Mesquite Complex is near Mesquite, NV in grass, pinyon and juniper. Historic structures in Elgen, Caliente municipal watershed and wildlife habitat are threatened. The Duzak, Halfway and Meadow Valley fires exhibited high rates of spread. Short range spotting was also reported.

GOOD SPRINGS, Las Vegas Field Office, Bureau of Land Management. A Type 1 Incident Management Team (Krugman) is assigned. This fire is 11 miles northwest of Jean, NV in juniper, brush and grass. Minimal smoke was reported.

INCIDENT NAME	ST	UNIT	SIZE	% CTN	EST CTN	TOTL PERS	CRW	ENG	HELI	STRC LOST	\$\$\$ CTD	ORIGIN OWN
SOUTHERN NEVADA COMPLEX	NV	LVD	315,608	6	UNK	835	24	31	10	0	2.28M	N/A
GOOD SPRINGS	NV	LVD	33,569	80	6/28	477	12	23	8	0	1.21M	BLM

ALASKA AREA INCIDENTS / LARGE FIRES:

SHEENJEK RIVER, Alaska Fire Service, Upper Yukon Zone. A transfer of command from a Type 2 Incident Management Team (Kurth) back to the local unit will occur tomorrow. This fire started on Fish and Wildlife Service land six miles northeast of Ft. Yukon, AK in birch, aspen, black and white spruce. Cabins and outbuildings remain threatened. Falling water levels in the Sheenjek and Porcupine Rivers continue to slow crew movement with boats. Crowning and torching, with spotting 100 to 300 feet in black spruce was reported

KING COUNTY CREEK, Kenai-Kodiak Area Forestry, Division of Forestry. A Type 2 Incident Management team has been ordered. This fire is 13 miles southeast of Sterling, AK in black spruce, mixed hardwoods and dead and down beetle kill. The fire is located in a remote area, and a large number of bears are present.

CHAPMAN CREEK, Alaska Fire Service, Tanana Zone. This fire is eight miles south of Coldfoot, AK in black spruce and tundra. The community of Coldfoot remains threatened. Aerial resources are being utilized in areas of steep terrain. Intermittent torching, backing fire and short crown runs were reported.

LONG LAKE, Alaska Fire Service, Upper Yukon Zone. This fire started on Fish and Wildlife Service land 13 miles northwest of Beaver, AK in mixed hardwoods, black spruce and brush. The community of Beaver, native corporate lands and allotments remain threatened. Active burning with occasional torching was observed.

LITTLE INDIAN RIVER, Alaska Fire Service, Tanana Zone. This fire started on Fish and Wildlife Service land 12 miles southeast of Hughes, AK in mixed hardwoods, black spruce and tundra. Native allotments are threatened. Good relative humidity recovery resulted in minimal fire activity in tundra. Backing fire and two foot flame lengths were reported.

INCIDENT NAME	ST	UNIT	SIZE	% CTN	EST CTN	TOTL PERS	CRW	ENG	HELI	STRC LOST	\$\$\$ CTD	ORIGIN OWN
SHEENJEK RIVER	AK	UYD	81,590	66	UNK	190	5	0	5	0	3.16M	FWS
KING COUNTY CREEK	AK	KKS	2,800	NR	UNK	0	0	0	0	0	6K	ST
CHAPMAN CREEK	AK	NOD	71,500	5	UNK	154	4	1	3	0	1.11M	BLM
LONG LAKE	AK	UYD	362	NR	UNK	51	2	0	0	0	NR	FWS
LITTLE INDIAN RIVER	AK	TAD	700	0	UNK	16	0	0	0	0	17K	FWS

SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA AREA INCIDENTS / LARGE FIRES:

INCIDENT NAME	ST	UNIT	SIZE	% CTN	EST CTN	TOTL PERS	CRW	ENG	HELI	STRC LOST	\$\$\$ CTD	ORIGIN OWN
HACKBERRY	CA	MNP	70,736	100	---	678	15	32	4	11	2.81M	NPS

MNP =Mojave National Park.

OUTLOOK:

Red Flag Warnings: In effect for Western Utah and Arizona Strip for low humidity and strong winds.

In effect for Central, east-central and southern Nevada for gusty winds, low relative humidity and dry lightning.

Fire Weather Watches: In effect for eastern Utah for low humidity, strong winds and dry lightning.

In effect in the afternoon over the lower elevations of western Colorado for gusty winds, low relative humidity, and dry lightning.

Weather Discussion: Windy weather will continue today in the Great Basin and Arizona due to a combination of a low pressure trough in the Pacific Northwest and a strong ridge over the Southwest. In addition, an upper low swinging through central California and eventually across the Great Basin will bring a threat of dry lightning to portions of the Great Basin and Arizona. In Alaska, hot and dry weather will be on tap as high pressure builds over the area.

Geographic Area Weather	High Temperatures	Minimum Relative Humidity	Wind
Western Great Basin Mostly sunny in the northwest, partly cloudy with scattered dry lightning in the south, east and central parts of the state.	North Valleys: 76 to 91 South Valleys: 86 to 108 Mountains: 68 to 82	North Valleys: 11 to 24%. South Valleys: 8 to 13% Mountains: 10 to 35%	Southwest to west at 5 to 15 mph in northwestern Nevada. Southwest 15 to 25 mph, gusts to 40 mph in central, eastern and southern Nevada.
Eastern Great Basin Idaho, Bridger-Teton: Partly cloudy. Scattered showers and thunderstorms in the mountains. Isolated showers in the valleys. Northern Utah: Partly cloudy with scattered afternoon thunderstorms. Southern Utah, Arizona Strip: Partly cloudy with scattered thunderstorms in the mountains.	Idaho, Bridger-Teton: Mountains: 58 to 70. Valleys: 70 to 80. Northern Utah: Mountains: 65 to 75. Valleys: 75 to 89 Southern Utah, Arizona Strip: Mountains: 71 to 80. Valleys: 80 to 100.	Idaho, Bridger-Teton: Mountains: 50 to 70%. Valleys: 25 to 35%. Northern Utah: Mountains: 25 to 35%. Valleys: 14 to 24%. Southern Utah, Arizona Strip: Mountains 15 to 30%. Valleys 8 to 15%.	Idaho, Bridger-Teton: West to southwest 10 to 15 mph. Northern Utah: Southwest 15 to 20 mph. Southern Utah, Arizona Strip: Southwest 15 to 25 mph.
Southern California Areas of morning low clouds and fog into the coastal valleys, otherwise partly to mostly sunny with isolated thunderstorms over the Sierra and deserts.	Mountains: 65 to 80. Valleys: 80 to 90. Upper deserts: 80 to 90. Lower deserts: 95 to 105.	10 to 30%.	Southwest to northwest 5 to 15 mph.
Rocky Mountain Scattered afternoon thunderstorms in western portions with Isolated dry lightning.	Mid 80s to mid 90s. Mountains: mid 60s and 70s.	Lower elevations west: 10 to 25%.	Southwest 15 to 25 mph.
Northern California Fair to partly cloudy, with a 10 to 20% chance of showers or isolated thunderstorms over Sierra north to about Tahoe Tuesday afternoon areas of low clouds/fog along the north coast.	60s coast to 80s warmer inland valleys.	Inland 20 to 40% Coast 45 to 65%.	Southwest to Northwest increasing in afternoon to 5 to 12 mph, with local gusts near 20 mph Cascade to Sierras eastward.



http://www.nifc.gov/sixminutes/dsp_sixminutes.php

DRIVING SAFETY

Driving is one of the most hazardous tasks that we perform when assigned to fires. Because of the fact that we perform the task literally hundreds of times in the course of our daily lives we tend to take it for granted. Based on recent accident trends, vehicle accidents are the source of more deaths and serious injuries to wildland firefighters than any other single cause. Vehicle operators need to recognize their own poor driving habits and strive to develop proper defensive driving techniques.

- A good starting point is attitude. A positive attitude towards improving your defensive driving skills will help you achieve the necessary changes in your driving habits. Most of what you do in operating vehicles is performed from habit. You do not consciously think about every thing you do when you drive. Rather, your subconscious performs most techniques. It's important to remember that a bad habit is as easy to develop as a good one. Take a good, hard look at your driving habits. Are you training yourself to do the right things the right way, like fastening your seat belt, checking your mirrors, and maintaining safe following distances?
- Inattentiveness is a major contributing factor in motor vehicle accidents within the wildland firefighting community. Because driving is such a common component of our lives, it is difficult to realize that it requires 100% of our attention. Since the average adult attention span is 15-20 minutes we must develop techniques that allow us to refocus our attention on the task at hand, operating a motor vehicle safely. There are many forms of inattentive driving; fatigue, telematics, daydreaming, eating, drinking, reading, writing, and talking. Here are some techniques for maintaining your attention while driving.
 - Drive only when you are well rested and alert; avoid driving during the hours of 10:00 PM and 6:00 AM. Take a 10 to 15 minute break after every 2 hours of driving.
 - Practice situational awareness when driving; be aware of what is happening in front, behind, and on both sides of your vehicle. Never drive when taking medications that make you drowsy.
 - Avoid using cell phones, radios, GPS units, CD players or computers while driving. Have a passenger operate them, or pull off the road and park.
 - By constantly moving your vision, checking mirrors and distant road conditions, you can avoid highway hypnosis and daydreaming.
 - Avoid eating or drinking while driving. Take frequent breaks to perform these activities.
 - Do not attempt to read maps or write directions while driving, pull over and park.
 - When talking with passengers, keep your eyes on the road and both hands on the steering wheel. Keep conversations causal and limited to small talk. Avoid conversations of a serious or technical nature. Do not engage in confrontational or argumentative conversations.
 - Do not be in a hurry, be patient. The more impatient you are, the more agitated you can become. Agitation will only magnify other inattentive driving behaviors.
- Safe driving starts with a safe vehicle. While mechanical failure is rarely a contributing factor in motor vehicle accidents something as simple as under inflated tires can have serious consequences. Before operating any vehicle, you must be sure the vehicle is in safe operating condition. Not only should you perform a pre-operation inspection, some vehicle defects can only be detected while the vehicle is operating. The vehicle operator is also responsible pre-operation, during operation, and post-operation inspections.

FIRES AND ACRES YESTERDAY:

AREA		BIA	BLM	FWS	NPS	ST/OT	USFS	TOTAL
Alaska	FIRES		0	4		4		8
	ACRES		4,835	2,192		48		7,075
Northwest	FIRES	1				3	2	6
	ACRES	1				2	0	3
Northern California	FIRES					18	2	20
	ACRES					12	0	12
Southern California	FIRES	3	1			17	4	25
	ACRES	62	3			143	0	208
Northern Rockies	FIRES		1			1	2	4
	ACRES		1			0	0	1
Eastern Great Basin	FIRES		9	1		4	5	19
	ACRES		21,600	1		418	3	22,022
Western Great Basin	FIRES		2					2
	ACRES		88,700					88,700
Southwest	FIRES	2			1	4	6	13
	ACRES	18			2	26	1,109	1,155
Rocky Mountain	FIRES	2	4			4	1	11
	ACRES	10	0			3	0	13
Eastern Area	FIRES				1	34	1	36
	ACRES				3	11	1	15
Southern Area	FIRES			4		36	2	42
	ACRES			146		168	106	420
TOTAL	FIRES	8	17	9	2	125	25	186
	ACRES	91	115,139	2,339	5	831	1,219	119,624

FIRES AND ACRES YEAR-TO-DATE:

AREA		BIA	BLM	FWS	NPS	ST/OT	USFS	TOTAL
Alaska	FIRES	2	47	32	24	221	10	336
	ACRES	3	261,059	116,390	23,954	41,122	320	442,848
Northwest	FIRES	46	29	6	8	367	133	589
	ACRES	333	18	9	5	18,818	59	19,242
Northern California	FIRES		2	1		461	97	561
	ACRES		0	0		2,236	42	2,278
Southern California	FIRES	18	30	7	14	817	146	1,032
	ACRES	115	1,079	126	51,003	16,752	79	69,154
Northern Rockies	FIRES	271	9	16		123	60	479
	ACRES	4,564	186	913		1,617	1,318	8,598
Eastern Great Basin	FIRES	5	134	1	12	121	54	327
	ACRES	811	103,284	1	2	5,034	123	109,255
Western Great Basin	FIRES	1	104	8	11	14	17	155
	ACRES	0	365,645	6,572	47	21,017	107	393,388
Southwest	FIRES	918	97	9	24	690	447	2,185
	ACRES	13,326	106,440	9,237	215	46,233	116,144	291,595
Rocky Mountain	FIRES	135	88	19	9	159	101	511
	ACRES	2,702	113	172	9	14,919	1,641	19,556
Eastern Area	FIRES	496		32	34	7,343	416	8,321
	ACRES	7,052		1,719	943	54,528	7,615	71,857
Southern Area	FIRES	160		101	32	14,327	407	15,027
	ACRES	25,861		18,054	1,827	152,453	10,671	208,866
TOTAL	FIRES	2,052	540	232	168	24,643	1,888	29,523
	ACRES	54,767	837,824	153,193	78,005	374,729	138,119	1,636,637

Ten Year Average Fires	41,642
Ten Year Average Acres	1,259,765

*** Changes in some agency YTD acres reflect more accurate mapping or reporting adjustments. ***

PRESCRIBED FIRES AND ACRES YESTERDAY:

AREA		BIA	BLM	FWS	NPS	ST/OT	USFS	TOTAL
Alaska	FIRES							0
	ACRES							0
Northwest	FIRES							0
	ACRES							0
Northern California	FIRES							0
	ACRES							0
Southern California	FIRES				1		0	1
	ACRES				163		50	213
Northern Rockies	FIRES							0
	ACRES							0
Eastern Great Basin	FIRES							0
	ACRES							0
Western Great Basin	FIRES							0
	ACRES							0
Southwest	FIRES							0
	ACRES							0
Rocky Mountain	FIRES							0
	ACRES							0
Eastern Area	FIRES							0
	ACRES							0
Southern Area	FIRES			1			2	3
	ACRES			120			363	483
TOTAL	FIRES	0	0	1	1	0	2	4
	ACRES	0	0	120	163	0	413	696

PRESCRIBED FIRES AND ACRES YEAR-TO-DATE:

AREA		BIA	BLM	FWS	NPS	ST/OT	USFS	TOTAL
Alaska	FIRES					4		4
	ACRES					626		626
Northwest	FIRES	18	91	34	2		192	337
	ACRES	5,651	12,267	2,704	249		17,756	38,627
Northern California	FIRES	12	20	133	24		165	354
	ACRES	188	1,098	24,624	2,365		18,338	46,613
Southern California	FIRES	1	6	4	11		77	99
	ACRES	1,000	683	8	2,171		6,179	10,041
Northern Rockies	FIRES	5	28	100	3	31	235	402
	ACRES	155	3,244	20,212	22	2,131	22,147	47,911
Eastern Great Basin	FIRES	1	16	4	1	10	38	70
	ACRES	1	7,049	711	11	128	9,590	17,490
Western Great Basin	FIRES		5	10			2	17
	ACRES		106	2,711			2,775	5,592
Southwest	FIRES	8	30	2	9		223	272
	ACRES	3,062	35,258	3,210	14,212		64,016	119,758
Rocky Mountain	FIRES	29	38	99	14	16	100	296
	ACRES	3,709	10,074	20,099	10,312	2,501	28,629	75,324
Eastern Area	FIRES	36		450	34	1,023	132	1,675
	ACRES	17,502		67,587	4,422	66,882	25,442	181,835
Southern Area	FIRES	34		145	46	385	1,065	1,675
	ACRES	7,180		78,698	27,168	249,547	877,934	1,240,527
TOTAL	FIRES	144	234	981	144	1,469	2,229	5,201
	ACRES	38,448	69,779	220,564	60,932	321,815	1,072,806	1,784,344

*** Changes in some agency YTD acres reflect more accurate mapping or reporting adjustments. ***

WFU FIRES AND ACRES YEAR-TO-DATE:

AREA		BIA	BLM	FWS	NPS	ST/OT	USFS	TOTAL
Alaska	FIRES							0
	ACRES							0
Northwest	FIRES							0
	ACRES							0
Northern California	FIRES						1	1
	ACRES						0	0
Southern California	FIRES				0			0
	ACRES				2			2
Northern Rockies	FIRES						1	1
	ACRES						22	22
Eastern Great Basin	FIRES				2		3	5
	ACRES				1		2	3
Western Great Basin	FIRES		1					1
	ACRES		0					0
Southwest	FIRES				1	1	9	11
	ACRES				1,870	5	33,327	35,202
Rocky Mountain	FIRES		6		2		2	10
	ACRES		146		1		112	259
Eastern Area	FIRES							0
	ACRES							0
Southern Area	FIRES				5			5
	ACRES				102			102
TOTAL	FIRES	0	7	0	10	1	16	34
	ACRES	0	146	0	1,976	5	33,463	35,590

*** Changes in some agency YTD acres reflect more accurate mapping or reporting adjustments. ***

CANADA FIRES AND HECTARES:

PROVINCES	FIRES YESTERDAY	HECTARES YESTERDAY	FIRES YEAR-TO-DATE	HECTARES YEAR-TO-DATE
British Columbia	1	0	458	26,729
Yukon Territory	1	3	42	19,082
Alberta	1	0	869	58,031
Northwest Territory	0	0	47	7,135
Saskatchewan	0	0	116	36,356
Manitoba	1	0	80	3,228
Ontario	15	0	380	16,184
Quebec	3	6,653	453	645,270
Newfoundland	0	0	84	2,690
New Brunswick	2	1	203	205
Nova Scotia	2	0	216	494
Prince Edward Island	0	0	0	0
National Parks	0	0	37	15,056
Total	26	6,657	2,985	830,460

RESOURCES STATUS: COMMITTED RESOURCES

AREA	CREWS FED	CREWS ST/OT	ENGS FED	ENGS ST/OT	HELI FED	HELI ST/OT	AIRT FED	AIRT ST/OT	OVRHD FED	OVRHD ST/OT
Alaska	7	4		1	7	1			139	50
Northwest	3		1						15	
Northern California	8	1	14		4					
Southern California	20	6	44	5	7	1			114	69
Northern Rockies			1							
Eastern Great Basin	38	4	84	59	8	2			134	34
Western Great Basin	28	9	44	20	8	13			193	70
Southwest	46	4	26	34	13	11			393	205
Rocky Mountain	3	1	8	2	1	1			12	3
Eastern Area									3	
Southern Area			5	5	1				1	2
Total	153	29	227	126	49	29	0	0	1004	433

*** NATIONAL INTERAGENCY COORDINATION CENTER ***